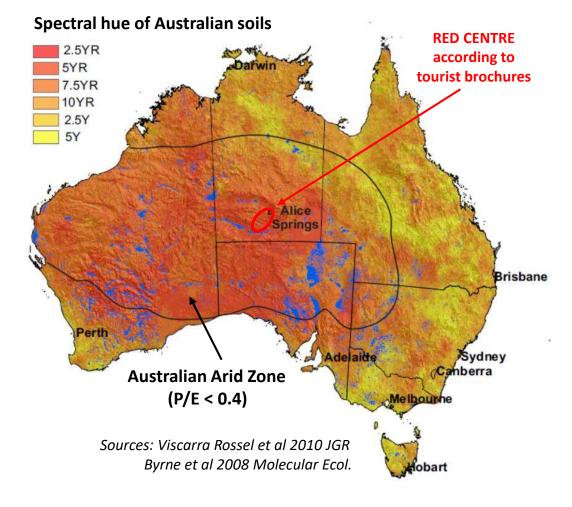
### **SEEING RED:** a history of redness in Australian landscapes

**BRAD PILLANS** 

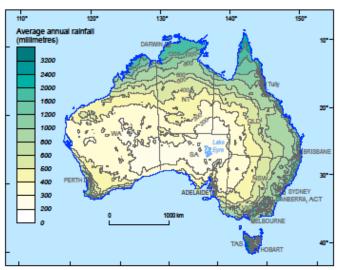
Research School of Earth Sciences, ANU



#### Redness = hematite and correlates with aridity?







Source: Blewett 2012 Shaping a Nation

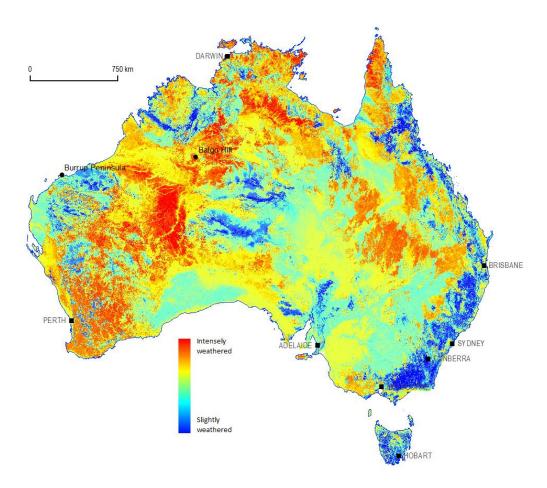


**Simpson Desert dunes** 





BURRUP PENINSULA - World's largest rock art gallery Slightly weathered Gidley Granophyre (2.7 Ga) Red weathering only 'skin deep'



Weathering Intensity Index based on gamma ray spectrometry & digital terrain analysis

Source: Wilford 2012 Geoderma

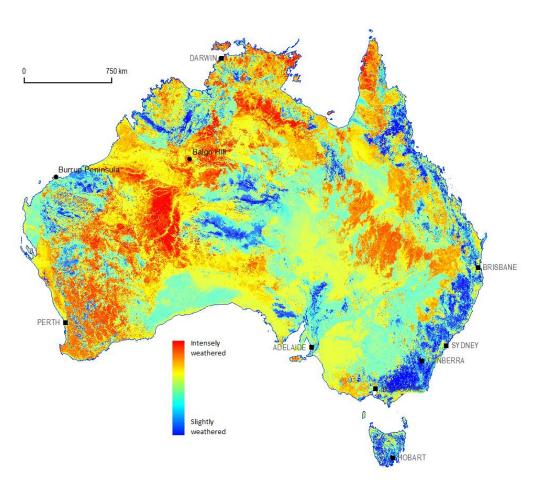


# Intensely weathered Permian sediments at Balgo Hill (above)

Red weathering to more than 50 m depth in Proterozoic rocks (below)



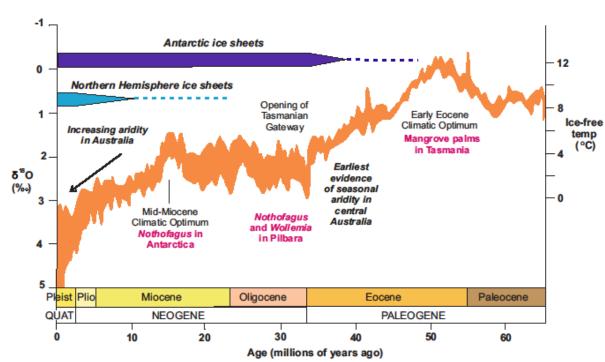
#### **WESTERN TANAMI DESERT**



Weathering Intensity Index based on gamma ray spectrometry & digital terrain analysis

Source: Wilford 2012 Geoderma

#### **CENOZOIC GLOBAL PALEOCLIMATE DRIVES AUSSIE ARIDITY?**

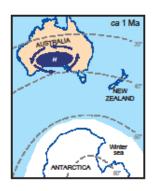




Simpson Desert dunes from 1 Ma







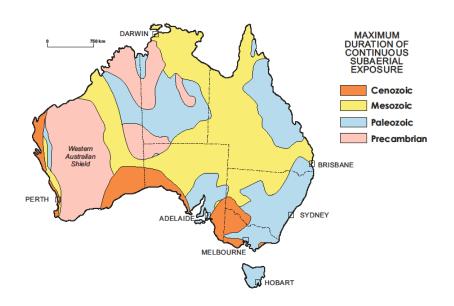
Opening of Tasmanian Gateway, growth of Antarctica ice sheet and position of STHP's

Sources: Zachos et al 2008 Nature Bowler 1982 in Blewett 2012 Shaping a Nation



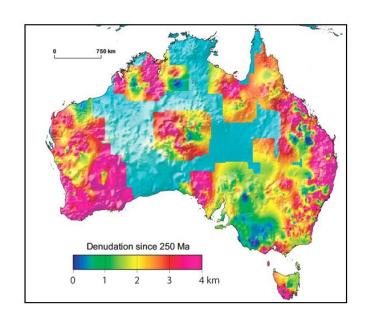
Simpson Desert gibbers from 4 Ma

## Paleogeographic reconstructions - ancient subaerial exposure

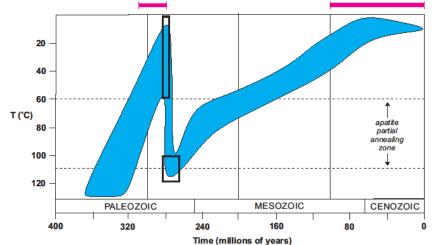


#### Apatite FT thermochronology

- km-scale denudation



## Periods of deep oxidative weathering (hematite) dated by paleomagnetism

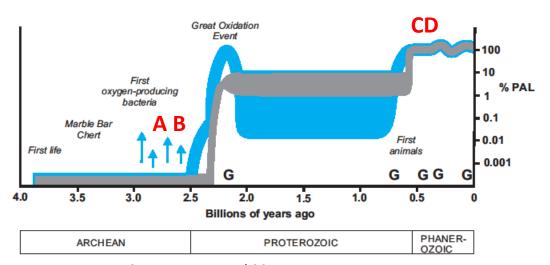


Thermal history of northern Yilgarn

- km-scale burial & exhumation
- ancient red weathering survives

Sources: Pillans 2007 J Quat Sci; Kohn et al 2002 AJES Weber et al 2005 Tectonophysics

#### History of atmospheric oxygen



Source: Lyons et al 2014 Nature

